Big Ideas About the Reformation

**Government** New ideas and beliefs can challenge a government’s authority, leading to change.

During the Reformation, reformers split from the Catholic Church. The split changed Christianity and politics in Europe. Many Protestant churches practiced self-government. This influenced later democratic practices and ideas of federalism.

Watch for the answers to your questions as you read.

**Before You Read:**

**Previewing Key Concepts**

The red titles throughout the chapter tell you what the text below them will be about. Rewrite these titles as questions that can be answered as you read. The first one is done for you.

*What was the Great Schism?*

**Integrated Technology**

- Interactive Maps
- Interactive Visuals
- Starting with a Story

**INTERNET RESOURCES**

- Go to ClassZone.com for:
  - WebQuest
  - Homework Helper
  - Research Links
  - Internet Activities
  - Quizzes
  - Maps
  - Test Practice
  - Current Events

**EUROPE**

**WORLD**

- 1305: Clement V becomes pope.
- 1378: The Great Schism divides the Catholic Church.
- 1417: The Council of Constance ends the Great Schism.
- 1324: Mansa Musa, king of Mali, begins a pilgrimage to Mecca.
- 1368: Hongwu founds the Ming Dynasty in China. (stoneware Buddha figurine from Ming Dynasty)
Christianity in Europe, A.D. 1600

**1492**
King Ferdinand and Queen Isabel drive the last Muslim rulers out of Spain.

**1500**

**1517**
Martin Luther presents his Ninety-Five Theses.

**1545**
Catholic Church leaders meet at the Council of Trent to define church doctrine.

**1556**
Akbar becomes sultan of the Mughal Empire. (Akbar’s Panch Mahal palace in India)

1453
The Ottomans capture Constantinople.

- Church of England
- Calvinist
- Lutheran
- Roman Catholic

Map showing countries and regions: England, France, Spain, Portugal, Netherlands, Holy Roman Empire, Ottoman Empire, Papal States, Scandinavia, Baltic Sea, North Sea, Atlantic Ocean, Mediterranean Sea, Adriatic Sea, Aegean Sea.


Timeline:
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